





# Aveiro Tech City Living Lab

ANNEX II
Technical Characterisation

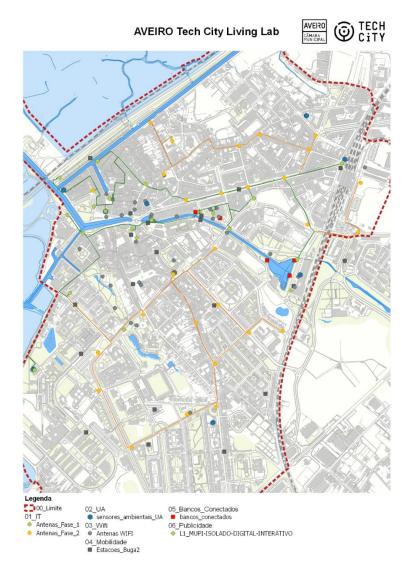




# ANNEX II TECHNICAL CHARACTERISATION OF AVEIRO TECH CITY LIVING LAB

This document describes and characterises the technical resources available at Aveiro Tech City Living Lab (ATCLL), which consists of a significant area of the urban centre of Aveiro that contains equipment, communications infrastructure, urban data-processing platform and a space for presentation and experimentation.

In this context, the following map shows the territorial coverage of ATCLL, including a set of municipal devices, equipment and facilities capable of meeting the experimentation needs of new technological projects:



Picture 1 - Deployment in the territory of Aveiro Tech City Living Lab







The following components are available in phased form in the ATCLL constitution:

- Equipment
- Communications infrastructure
- Space for presentation and experimentation
- Urban platform

In the following chapters the four components listed above are characterised in detail.

## A. Equipment

ATCLL includes a set of equipment installed in the urban centre, which assume a set of monitoring or user interaction functions. Some examples are the following equipment:

- Environmental sensors
- Mobility sensors
- Connected banks (with environmental monitoring)
- Mobility sensors on bicycles (accelerometer / brake light)
- Bike-sharing stations [to be installed by May 2021]
- Wi-Fi Antennas

There are also mobile sensor equipment installed in public transport or rubbish collection vehicles, which currently record the following parameters:

- Location and direction;
- Speed;
- Temperature;
- Noise level.

Regarding the mobile sensors and vehicular communication elements, they are represented in Pictures 2 and 3, respectively, excluding the antennas.



Picture 2 - Mobile sensor unit.



Picture 3 - Vehicular communication unit.





#### **B.** Communications infrastructure

## 1. Composition

The communications infrastructure integrates a communication network with radio terminals, multiprotocol, spread throughout the city, connected by fibre optics to a data processing centre (located at the Institute of Telecommunications). This network is complemented by mobile and fixed sensor equipment and mobile communication equipment installed in vehicles or carried by ATCLL users. In short, the infrastructure includes:

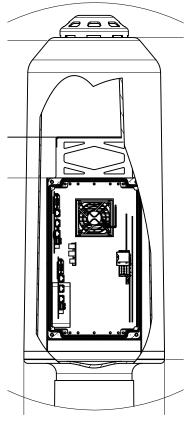
- On its access aspect:
  - o 16 km of fibre optic;
  - o Wi-Fi access points;
  - WAVE Road Side Units;
  - o LoRa Gateways;
  - o LoRaWAN compatible Gateways;
  - o 4G/5G Access Points (SDR based);
  - o Spectral probes;
- On its central equipment aspect:
  - Switches with optical interfaces;
  - o Servers;
  - o Network monitoring and management system;
  - o Data platform;
  - o 4G/5G Core;
- On its mobile equipment aspect:
  - Sensor units with LoRa communication (LoRaWAN compatible if necessary);
  - Vehicular communication units (WAVE), which may evolve to C-V2X;
  - o 5G terminals.

The radio access points are distributed throughout the city of Aveiro according to two fixing structures: on vertical poles or on building façades. Picture 4 illustrates, excluding the antennas, the composition and distribution of the various equipment on the vertical pole slope. Picture 5 shows the distribution of the equipment in a box to be placed on the façade. In both solutions, space and power required for placing new equipment has been reserved, which makes the infrastructure flexible and in constant evolution.

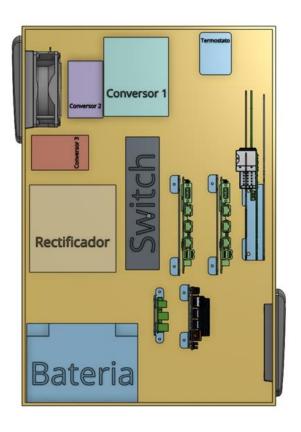








Picture 4 - Radio access point on pole.



Picture 5 - Radio access point in façade.

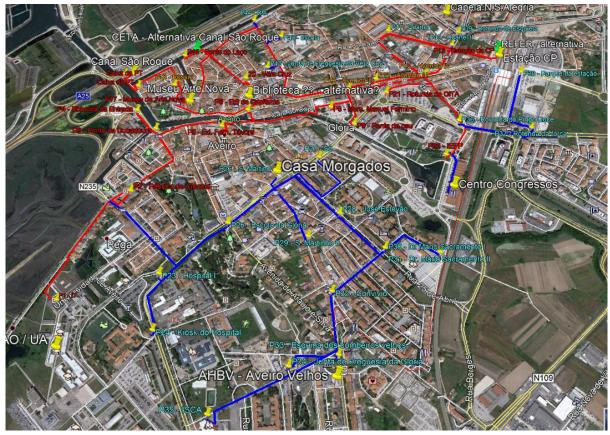
# 2. Geographical distribution

The communications infrastructure is installed in the urban area of the city of Aveiro and its radio coverage depends on the communication technology to be used. Throughout the city, and as illustrated in Picture 6, there are 43 radio access points, 27 on vertical metal supports, and 16 on building façades. The radio components are not identical in all the radio access points, and the presence of SDR-based 4G/5G access is limited to 24 points.









Picture 6 - Location of Radio Access Points of the Communications Infrastructure.

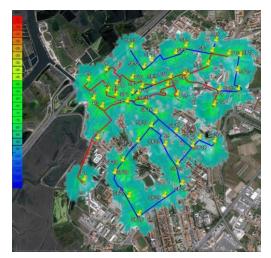
# 3. Communications Infrastructure Coverage

The communications infrastructure has a radio coverage that depends, among others, on the communication technology to be used. Preliminary studies, represented in Pictures 7, 8, 9 and 10, present the network coverage diagrams, based on simulation for the frequencies 2.4GHz, 5.9GHz, and SDR at 1GHz and 2GHz respectively. The last two cases are only guaranteed at some points of the network.

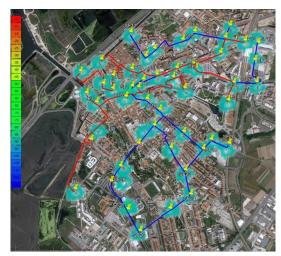




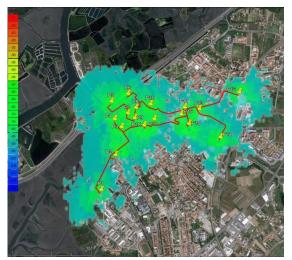




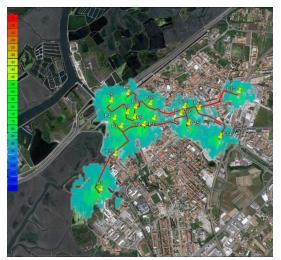
Picture 7 - Network coverage at 2.4GHz..



Picture 8 - Network coverage at 5.9GHz.



Picture 9 - Network coverage at 1GHz.



Picture 10 - Network coverage at 2GHz.

# 4. Characterization of the 5G Network

The communications infrastructure also includes a 5G network composed of 5G antennas connected to a 5G core managed by Altice Labs. These infrastructures are connected to the data collection and processing platform and analytic also managed by Altice Labs.





#### C. Space for experimentation

Aveiro Tech City Living Lab has in the Atlas Aveiro Building a multifunctional space intended for experimentation on territory data, as well as on the dynamism of the Aveiro Municipality, showing an evolution of the social, economic and industrial development, the employment generated, and the innovative and exporting character of the Aveiro companies. In addition to access and exploitation of data in the various equipment available, an auditorium is available which will have an annual activity plan, with the direct involvement of different audiences. Through previous analysis and validation, this auditorium may be used by companies who wish to present the work developed at Aveiro Tech City Living Lab.

## D. Characterization of the Urban Platform for Data Management and Analysis

The urban platform will allow the processing and analysis of data and the sharing of information from various sources, providing analytical and predictive services for IoT applications and vertical applications for the city.

The urban platform is composed of a component of integration, aggregation and processing of data from various sources of information, namely:

- Electricity consumption
- Statistics and performance of the experimental communications network
- Rubbish collection
- Environmental sensors in the territory
- Vehicular units
- Mobility
- Municipal activity and performance according to ISO 37120 standard
- Gas and water consumption
- Other sources of sensor information in the city

The data integration component also has the capacity to manage API's, allowing the creation of API's for dissemination of specific information datasets according to the needs of each project or experimental activity.

The urban platform also includes a visualisation and data mining component, called the city governance centre. This component provides access to various sources of information, in tabular, graphic and geographic format, allowing an analysis and correlation of data. Access to this data access interface can be made available for experimental projects in the territory.